

TUESDAY OCTOBER 18. 1743.

Yesterday arrived a Mail from Holland.

Constantinople, September 18.



IS Sublime Highness having found all Endeavours to bring Thamas Kouli Khan to Peace upon moderate Terms, in, has resolved to act against him vigorously. One great Motive to the Persian's Reluctance, was the Sultan's daily refusing to give up a young Prince of the Royal Blood, whom Kouli Khan had fought in vain in the Indies; and who, on the Ruin of his Family, retired to an Island in the Archipelago, from whence he lately was brought. But the Porte has now taken a stronger Resolution in his Favour, which is to declare him Shah, and send him with a Royal Army into Persia. The Vizir desisted about a Year and half ago, is named to command in Chief, with the Title of Sraskier. The Plague continues still to make great Havock in the Quarters of the Franks, which has occasioned most of the Merchants of Distinction to retire from hence.

Petersburgh, October 1. Prodigious Rejoicings have been made here on Account of the Peace lately concluded with Sweden, and that for three Days together, viz. the 26th, 27th, and 29th of the last Month; the Dutch Captains, Lynslager and Huggens, had the Honour to dine with his Imperial Highness; and, on their taking their Leave, were presented, each of them, with a Gold Tobacco Box. On the 30th they returned on Crostade, in order to re-embark on board their own vessels. All the Troops that are designed for the Assistance of the Swedes, are already quarter'd on the Frontiers, so that it is impossible, if the King of Denmark should invade that Country, that his Troops should make any great Impression.

Stockholm, October 15. On Tuesday next his Royal Swedish Highness will take Possession of the Royal Palace of Carlsberg, having set out Yesterday from Calmar. A few Days after the rising of the Dyet, each Order had a separate Meeting, to regulate some Matters relating to their particular Concerns. In these Assemblies there were several warm Debates, especially in that of the Nobles, where a considerable Number of Persons of Distinction claimed Admittance in Virtue of the King's Letters, by which they were ennobled. Upon this it was said, that a Nobleman of Sweden was a very high Character, and had a Reference not to the King only, but to the State, and therefore the Majority of the Assembly were not much inclined to receive the new-made Nobles. They particularly insisted, that this was a Sort of Privilege, and that they had not Time to inquire either to the Descents, or Personal Qualifications of these Candidates; but at last an Expedient was found to satisfy the Court, by receiving a few Strangers, of whose Families or Descents there could be no Dispute; such as the Count de Hesselein. Natural Son to his Majesty, and Van Lingen, who brought hither the Preliminaries from Abo. In Consequence of this Resolution, these Gentlemen were introduced into the House of Nobles on the 27th of last Month, and took their Seats with great Solemnity. Each of the four Orders have here a certain Number of Deputies, who are to compose, in a Body, the elected Successor to the Crown, on his Arrival in this City, which is expected with great Impatience; tho' it is believed he will not continue here long, but set out for Scania, in order (if there shall be Occasion) to command the Army which is assembling there, and which is commanded, in the mean Time, by the Senator Baron Rosen.

Copenhagen, October 16. This Day the Prince Royal set out for Hanover. The Regiments that were engaged in the Neighbourhood of this City, are gone to Winter Quarters, and it depends, it is said, upon the return of a Courier from Sweden, whether his Majesty shall or shall not accept of the Mediation of the Maritime Powers. The Expence of this Armament hath been prodigious; but as the Hazard of its Success might have been attended with still greater Expence; and as several Potentates have interferred themselves very warmly, in order to prevent a new War from breaking out in North, it would give a general Satisfaction to this Court, if an Accommodation should take Place.

Rome, October 5. The News we have received concerning the entire Cessation of the Plague in Sicily, and Abatement of it in Calabria, are very happily conveyed. We wait only the Return of some Commissioners sent to inspect those Places, and we shall then judge the Time required at present for performing

Quarantine, and restore, by degrees, a free Communication with all the Dominions of the Crown of Naples. The Abbe Emaldi is set out again for Frankfurt, in order to carry the Barette to Cardinal Doria; and, it is said, he will remain at that Court, as Internuncio, till a new Minister with that Character is appointed.

Naples, October 1. A grand Conference was lately held at the Palace, upon the disagreeable News of the King of Sardinia's concluding a Treaty, Offensive and Defensive, with the Queen of Hungary, under the Guaranty of Great Britain; which puts an End to all the Hopes we began to entertain, of a Reconciliation with the first-mentioned Monarch. It is visible enough, that this Intelligence has thrown our Court into the same State of Uneasiness and Uncertainty, from which it seem'd to be lately recovered. The French Minister, M. l'Hopital, had, a few Days ago, a Conference with the Duke de Montalegre, our Secretary of State; immediately after which he dispatch'd away a Courier to Paris, with Advice, that, as Things stand, the King, our Sovereign, is resolved to adhere to his Neutrality.

Turin, October 7. This City, in order to discharge some Demands made upon her, in this Critical Juncture, has been obliged to borrow 100,000 Crowns at Genoa, at Four per Cent. The King is set out for his Army in Piedmont. He is accompanied by the Marquis d'Ormea, his Prime Minister, by the Count de Schulerberg, the Queen of Hungary's Minister, and M. de Villette, Minister from his Britannick Majesty. Before his Departure, the King named Commissioners to take Possession of the Country yielded to him by the Treaty of Worms. The Act of Guaranty by his Britannick Majesty is dated the same Day with the Treaty itself, and is as strong as Words can make it; so that his Majesty looks upon himself as perfectly secure under his Britannick Majesty's Security. When the Marquis de Senecerre had his Audience of Leave, his Majesty made him a Present of a Ring of considerable Value; and told him, at the same time, that if Things came to Extremities between the two Courts, it could never be charged upon any Neglect of his Excellency, who had done every Thing that could be expected from an able Minister, and a Man of Honour.

Bologna, October 8. Prince Lobkowitz having re-assembled all the Austrian Troops that were in the Ferrara, decamped on the 1st of this Month from Carpi, and entered the Territory of this City. On the 3d the whole Army advanced into this Neighbourhood; his Highness's Head Quarters were at the Charter-House, but Yesterday they were transferred to St. Michael in the Wood. Yesterday also the Senate sent four of their Members to compliment his Highness on his Arrival, whom he treated with great Civility; and the very same Day returned the Visits he received from several of our Nobility. His Troops are in excellent Condition, all his Regiments complete, and from the Dispositions made by his Highness, it is very evident he has nothing less in View than driving the Spaniards out of Italy. We expect every Moment to hear what Effects his Detachment of Horse and Dragoons, sent to intercept the Artillery on the Road from Civita Vecchia, has produced.

Hambourg, October 18. The last Letters from Stockholm say, that immediately after the Arrival of an Express from Copenhagen, the Senate immediately assembled, to deliberate on these Dispatches; and as this was on a Sunday, which is not any where more strictly kept than in Sweden, it is from thence conjectured, that these Dispatches were of the very last Importance. The same Letters add, that the first Transport of Troops from Finland was arrived, and that General Keith had written to his Swedish Majesty for Orders; the Czarina's Instructions directing him to obey, implicitly, such as he should receive from that Monarch. According to the last Letters from Copenhagen, it looks as if, after all, we should have Peace; but our Politicians are of Opinion, that the Empress of Russia will not very soon forget certain Circumstances attending that Armament.

Hanover, October 18. This Afternoon his Majesty returned in good Health from the Army, and was received with all the Testimony of Duty and Affection imaginable, the whole City being immediately illuminated with Candles and Bonfires. Letters from Brunswick inform us of the Death of Baron Osterman, who died there lately in a very advanced Age; being elder Brother to the famous Count Osterman, formerly Chancellor and Prime Minister at the Court of Russia, now an Exile in Siberia.

Frankfort, October 19. According to private Letters from the Army of Prince Charles, his Royal Highness

received lately, by a Gentleman sent Express from the Court of Vienna, the Picture of the Arch-Duchess Mary-Anne, his intended Spouse, enriched with Diamonds to the Value of 100,000 Florins. His Irregular Troops will keep the Field on the Rhine all Winter, but those of the same Nation in Bavaria made an Insurrection not long ago, in which they killed some of the Regular Troops, and lost abundance of their own Body; but at last the Affair was composed with some Difficulty, thro' the Interposition of General Bernclau, who promised to send an Express to Vienna, in order to obtain Directions from the Court, in relation to their Demands.

Hague, October 26. A Courier is this Moment arrived at the House of Count Gollofskin, Minister from her Imperial Majesty of Russia, who is said to be charged with Letters of great Importance. The Earl of Stair will shortly take his Leave of the States General, with the same Ceremonies that were used at his Reception.

HOME PORTS.

Bristol, October 15. Came in since our last, the Three Crowns, —, from Gottenburgh.

Arrived at Scilly, the Molly, —, from Jamaica; at Newfoundland, the Nancy, Whiteing, from Cork; at Bonny, the Molly Snow, —, the Vernon, Forrest, and the Anne Frigate, Tweedy, all from this Port.

Falmouth, October 13. Wind E. Since my last arrived his Majesty's Ship the Torrington, from a Cruise off the Canary Islands; the Prince Frederick Packet, Williston, from Lisbon; the Fly, Rickards, from London; and the Khevenhuller, Hubbard, from Antigua.

Plymouth, October 14. Since my last arrived the Industry, Bailey, from St. Christophers for London.

Weymouth, October 15. Wind E. S. E. and blows hard. This Day came in here the William and Mary, Beale, from Guernsey for Portsmouth.

Pool, October 15. Sailed the Desire, Wills, the Sarah, Rolis, the Elizabeth, Mills, the James and John, Cartledge, the Three Sisters, Nickless, the Jape, Shank, and the John and Mary, Rogers, all for London.

Cowes, October 16. Wind E. On the 13th came in the Anne and Mary, Ifreal, and the Hannah, Joad, both Tenders, from a Cruise, and both bound to Spithead; the Two Brothers, Cork, from Portsmouth for Plymouth; and all sailed next Day, with the Prosperity, Burt, for Guernsey; and the Richard, Sterling, for Penzance.

Southampton, October 15. Wind E. Since my last sailed hence the Wrightson and Isabella, Hornley, and the Neptune, Aheir, both for Guernsey. Just arrived the Elizabeth, Adams, from Guernsey.

Deal, October 16. Wind E. N. E. No Ship in the Downs.

Gravesend, October 16. Passed by the Mary Yacht, Capt. Bridges, from Holland; the Mary, Gilbie, and the Jemima, Clarabut, both from Calais; the West, Gilbie, from Dunkirk; the Middleburgh Packet, Moodie, from Middleburgh; the John and Betty, Strahan, from Ostend; the Two Sisters, Trappell, and the Content, Scorry, both from Riga; the Diamond, Danely, and the Elizabeth, Taylor, both from St. Kitts; the Delight, Hunter, from Rotterdam; the Lisbon Packet, Talbot, from Faro; the Cruiser, Strangeways, and the Molly Pink, Stout, both from Jamaica; the Queen Anne, Johnson, from Norway; the Hope, Ferriter, from Nevis; the Russia Merchant, Walker, the Industry, Hopkins, the Speedwell, Hooper, the Gloucester, Townsend, the Nottingham, Harris, the Conquest, —, the Owners Supply, Cooper, the Ruby, Mangles, the Strickland, Corney, the Nightingale, Weller, the Dorothy, Lester, and the St. Peter, Elks, all from Petersburg; the Russell, Cunningham, from Maryland; the Ackworth, Jones, from Carolina; and the Friends Goodwill, Sunderland, from Dantzick.

Arrived at several Ports.

At Antigua, the Edward, M'Carthy, from Cork.

At Leghorn, the Gibraltar, Michael, from London; the Golden Eagle, Hinton, and the John, Emmott, both from Newfoundland.

At Falmouth, the Fanny, Jenkins, from Antigua.

LONDON.

Private Letters from Holland assure us, that the Danish Court has thought fit to accept of the Mediation of the Maritime Powers; and, in Consequence thereof, has laid aside all their Military Preparations.

They write from Frankfort, that the Imperial Court are in great Hopes of seeing an Army of Neutrality assembled in Franconia, which is to consist, as it is said, of 100,000 Men.

Private Letters by the last French Mail say, that t

Marcus

Marquis de la Chetardie set out the Day that the Post came away; and that the Pension of 24,000 Livres per Annum, granted him by the King, was for Life; in Consideration of the great Services he had rendered him in Russia, and the vast Expence he must be at, in undertaking another Embassy thither.

Sunday last the Rev. Dr. Briggs, Chaplain in Ordinary to his Majesty, preach'd before their Royal Highnesses the Princesses, at the Chapel at St. James's.

Yesterday Morning a fire broke out in the House of one Mr. Knight, in Distaff-lane, which consum'd the upper Part of the House before it was got under.

Yesterday died at his House in Cowley-street, Westminster, the Rev. Mr. Timms, one of the Gentlemen belonging to St. Paul's, and also to Westminster-Abbey.

Her Royal Highness the Princess Louisa did not embark Yesterday Morning, as was expected, the Wind being directly against her.

Several Exemplifications has lately pass'd the Great Seal for the Examination of Witnesses in the grand Affair depending between Arthur Lord Altham, and James Annesley, Esq.

We hear from Bath, that the Earl of Pembroke is believ'd to be past Recovery.

Last Sunday a Brigantine bound for Lisbon, lying at King's Stairs, accidentally took Fire, but by early Assistance, it was soon extinguish'd.

Yesterday at the Sessions of Oyer and Terminer, held by Adjournment at Guildhall, James Newbold was convicted of keeping a disorderly House, in Love's Court, George-Alley, near Fleet-street, on the Evidence of Mr. Sharrock and Mr. Welbourn, the Constables of St. Bride's, and other Inhabitants and Watchmen in that Parish; and was sentenced to pay a small Fine, and to be imprison'd for twelve Months.

Yesterday the TEMPLE PUNCH-HOUSE was opened; at which Place there was all Day and Evening a very great Resort of Gentlemen and Tradesmen, who were all of Opinion, that the PUNCH was, in every Respect, to such Perfection, as not to be excell'd at Ashley's; and every Thing conducted with such Regularity and Oeconomy, as the Company unanimously agreed to support and encourage the said House, as being an Undertaking of very great Use and Benefit to that Part of the Town.

The same Day Thomas Butler was committed to the Poultry Compter by Sir John Thompson, for further Examination, on Suspicion of stealing a large Quantity of China Ware, the Property of the East-India Company, out of a Lighter at Brewer's Key.

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Whereas many Persons are desirous of becoming Adventurers in the present State-Lottery, to whom it may not be so convenient to purchase whole Tickets, as to be only concerned in the Chances for Prizes. This is to acquaint the Publick, that Francis Wilson, at the State Lottery-Office, Charing-Cross, directly behind the King on Horseback, will dispose of Chances for the whole Drawing at 4 l. 12 s. or in Proportion, as the Market-Price shall rise or fall; by which Method, the Purchaser will be equally entitled to the Chances of the Prizes, as if possessed of the whole Tickets. The said Francis Wilson will also dispose of the Shares at the following Prices; viz.

	1. s. d.
Half a Ticket, at	2 10 0
Quarters,	1 5 0
Eighths,	0 13 0
Sixteenths,	0 6 6

The whole Tickets are there sold at the Market Price, and carefully register'd. The Lottery will begin Drawing the 21st of November next.

High Water this Day	Morning	Evening
at London-Bridge.	11 21	11 50

Bank Stock, 146 1-4th to 3-4ths. India, 194. South Sea, 113 1-8th. Old Annuity, 115 7-8ths. New ditto, 114 5-8ths. Three per Cent. 102 5-8ths. Ditto 1743, 102 7-8ths. Seven per Cent. Loan, Nothing done. Five per Cent. ditto, Nothing done. Royal Assurance, 80. London Assurance, 11 7-8ths. India Bonds, 4 l. 18 s. to 19 s. Prem. Bank Circulation, 3 l. to 2 l. 17 s. 6 d. Prem. Six Tallies, 103. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders, 104 1-half. Three per Cent. ditto, 98 1-8th. Million Bank, 119. Equivalent, 111. Lottery Tickets, 11 l. 9 s. 6 d.

Admiralty-Office, October 15, 1743.

THE Leave of Absence given to the Petty Officers and Foremast-men belonging to his Majesty's Ship the Monmouth, having expired on the 12th Instant, it is the Direction of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, that the said Men do immediately repair to their Duty on board the said Ship at Chatham; and if any of them fail to do so, the Marshal of the Admiralty will be directed to apprehend them, in order to their being tried at a Court Martial as Deserters.

Tho. Corbett.

Admiralty Office, October 17, 1743.

THE Leave of Absence given to the Petty Officers and Foremast-men belonging to his Majesty's Ship the Burford, expiring on the 20th Instant, it is the Direction of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, that the said Men do, immediately after the Expiration of that Time, repair to their Duty on board the said Ship at Portsmouth; but if any of them fail to do so, the Marshal of the Admiralty will be directed to apprehend them, in order to their being tried at a Court Martial as Deserters.

Tho. Corbett.

Custom-House, London, October 15, 1743.

For S A L E,

By Order of the Hon. the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, &c.

ON Wednesday the 26th of October Instant, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, will be put up to Sale in the Long Room in the Custom-House, London, Several Parcels of Bohea and Green Tea, Coffee Raw and Roasted, Brandy, Geneva, and Cordial Waters. Clear of all Duties.

To be seen at the King's Warehouse, on Monday the 24th, and Tuesday the 25th of October Instant, from 8 to 12 in the Forenoons, and from 3 to 5 in the Afternoons, and in the Morning before the Sale.

Where Catalogues will be delivered.

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Bought and Sold by

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Under the ROYAL-EXCHANGE,

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WHERE every Kind of Business relating to the Lottery, is transacted with the utmost Exactness and Fidelity.

Chances sold at 4 l. 10 s. or in Proportion as Tickets may rise or fall, whereby the Purchaser will be equally intitled to the Prize (in Case it be so drawn) as if he had paid the Price of a whole Ticket.

The first Ticket that shall happen to be drawn of Two, or the first Five of Ten, may be bought at a much cheaper Rate than in the common Way, notwithstanding the Chance is equally as good to the Purchaser.

Any Person that does not fully understand the above Methods may have them explain'd, by calling at the said Office.

Tickets divided into Halves, Quarters, Eighths, and Sixteenths.

Tickets Register'd, and in Time of Drawing Examind and daily Insur'd from Blanks.

Money for Blanks and Prizes as soon as drawn.

Letters, Post paid, will be duly answer'd.

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the Conduct of our Ministers in the Cabinet, and of our Generals in the Field. Wherein proper Observations are made on the late Ministerial Apology, intitled, *Faction Detected* &c.

To which is added, by Way of Appendix, The Convention between Queen Anne and the Elector of Hanover, in 1702, for Mercenaries; by which it appears, from the Calculations in this Work, that 306,266 l. Sterling might be saved to the Nation, in the late Bargain for 16,000 Hanoverians.

Quicquid delirant Reges, plebs scelerata docetur.

Imperi vobis? —

Printed for B. Cowie in Pater-noster Row.

From the Lying-in Infirmary in Feryn-Street, St. James's.

ON Monday the 24th of October, at

Five in the Afternoon, will begin the LECTURES in MIDWIFERY and PHYSIC: Wherein will be taught the whole Art and Practice of MIDWIFERY in the most perfect and safe Manner; the Theory and Practice of PHYSIC in the Diseases of Women, particularly during Pregnancy and Childbed, and in those incident to Children; with a select Materia Medica and Methodus Prescribendi.

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By Sir RICHARD MANNINGHAM, Knt.

M. D. R.S.S. & Coll. Med. Lond.

N. B. The Lectures in Physic will be read separately.

Conditions to be known as above.

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September 15, 1743.

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All such, therefore, who have the Misfortune to be troubled with Old or Stubborn Gleet, Seminal Effusions, Involuntary Emissions, excessive Nocturnal Pollutions, or any Weakness of the Kidneys, Ureters, or Bladder, the Diabætic, or Incontinency of Urine, or Difficulty of holding their Urine, would doubtless be glad to meet with a certain, safe, and speedy Cure, which they most assuredly may, by taking only a small Quantity of a transcendent BALSAMICK RESTRICTIVE ELECTUARY, now published for a general Good, after having for many Years been experience'd never to fail perfectly curing the most Stubborn Gleet known, in a few Days, without Difficulty or Trouble, as also all other Weaknesses of the Back, Reins, Seminal Vessels, and Urinary Passages, which almost instantly cures, bringing to rights and restoring all those Parts and Passages to their natural Tone and pristine Vigour, in a very extraordinary Manner, and by taking a few Doses of it only.

This transcendent BALSAMICK RESTRICTIVE ELECTUARY is neither disagreeable to take, nor occasions the least Disorder, but is a wonderful Restorative in all Weakness and Decay of Constitution of any Kind, and particularly strengthening the Back, Reins, Seminal and Urinary Vessels to an immense Degree, inasmuch that in any Debility of them, one Dose of it does more than ten of any other Remedy yet found out, and all Persons fatigu'd with Gleet or Seminal Weaknesses of any Sort, or Weaknesses of the Urinary Vessels, who take it, will in three Days time find it so very effectual, that they will be most agreeably surpris'd at it.

When a Medicine will infallibly accomplish such a safe, speedy and perfect Cure of such difficult Maladies, as Gleet and Seminal Weaknesses are, as this Great Remedy truly and directly will, even after all other Means and Medicines have been tried in vain; too much cannot be said in it, and that All who ever took it for any of the above-mentioned Purposes have readily declared.

The Price is but 6 s. a Pot, altho' for its absolute Effect one Pot alone being sufficient in most Cases to accomplish a Cure, worth ten times as much, and by the Author's special Appointment, is to be had only at Mr. Rastell's Toy-shop, at the Rose and Crown against St. Clement's Church-yard in the Strand, ready sealed up, with a Book of Instructions, which whomsoever carefully reads will perfectly know, when the Gleet or Weakness he is afflicted with succeeds a Venereal Injury, whether all the Malignity of the Foul Disease is intirely eradicated or not.

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